

The Genus Zanchius Distant (Hemiptera: Miridae) of Taiwan 【Research report】

臺灣產平盲蝽屬(半翅目:盲蝽科)【研究報告】

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### **Abstract**

Four species of Zanchius Distant from Taiwan are recognized. One new species, Z. formosanus Lin, n. sp., and two new records, Z. marmoratus Zou, 1987, and Z. tarasovi Kerzhner, 1987 from Taiwan are reported. A description of the male and re-description of the holotype female of Z. apicalis Poppius are included. A key to the species of Zanchius Distant of Taiwan and figures of the male genitalia are included. The type series are deposited in the National Museum of Natural Science (NMNS) and Taiwan Agricultural Research Institute (TARI), both of Taichung, Taiwan.

#### 摘要

本文描述一新種:臺灣平盲蝽(Zanchius formosanus Lin, n. sp.)、發現兩新記錄種(綠斑平盲蝽 Z. marmoratus Zou, 1987、紅點平盲蝽 Z. tarasovi Kerzhner, 1987)。並附臺灣產平盲蝽屬之檢索表及雄蟲外生殖器圖。

Key words: Miridae, new species, new record

**關鍵詞:** 盲蝽科、新種、新記錄 Full Text: █PDF( 0.97 MB)

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## The Genus Zanchius Distant (Hemiptera: Miridae) of Taiwan

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#### ABSTRACT

Four species of Zanchius Distant from Taiwan are recognized. One new species, Z. formosanus Lin, n. sp., and two new records, Z. marmoratus Zou, 1987, and Z. tarasovi Kerzhner, 1987 from Taiwan are reported. A description of the male and re-description of the holotype female of Z. apicalis Poppius are included. A key to the species of Zanchius Distant of Taiwan and figures of the male genitalia are included. The type series are deposited in the National Museum of Natural Science (NMNS) and Taiwan Agricultural Research Institute (TARI), both of Taichung, Taiwan.

Key words: Miridae, new species, new record

## Introduction

Zanchius was established by Distant (1904) as a new genus, which is distinguished by the following characteristics: "elongate ovate; head broad, deeply channeled near inner margins of eyes, in front of which it is vertically deflected, eyes moderately exerted and situated nearer to the insertion of antennae than base of head; rostrum reaching the posterior coxae; antennae long, basal joint about as long as head, second nearly four times longer than first, third and fourth almost subequal in length; pronotum somewhat strongly constricted before middle, lateral margins nearly straight, basal margin sinuate, mesonotum exposed; scutellum subtriangular; corium with a distinct cell-like process at apex; cuneus longer than broad; legs somewhat long and slender, posterior femora moderately thickened."

About nine species in China and 37 species in the world have been recorded. There is only one species, Z. apicalis, which was described by Poppius (1915) according to one female specimen collected from Takao, Formosa (Kaoshiung, Taiwan) by Sauter. Carvalho (1980) examined and gave some notes of the mirid type series when he visited the Hungarian Natural History Museum (HNHM), Budapest. In this study, types were loaned from HNHM for further comparison. One new species, and two new records from Taiwan are reported in this paper. The type series and examined specimens are deposited in the National Museum of Natural Science (NMNS), Taichung, Taiwan and Taiwan Agricultural Research Institute (TARI), Taichung, Taiwan. Methods of dissection and terminology followed Zheng and Liu (1993).

## Key to species of Genus Zanchius Distant of Taiwan

- 2. Small areole with a black dot------Z. formosanus Lin, n. sp. Small areole without a black dot-----3
- 3. Second antennal segment with a black ring ------Z. marmoratus Zou Second antennal segment without a black ring-----Z. tarasovi Kerzhner

# Zanchius apicalis Poppius, 1915 (Figs. 1A, B, 2A-C)

Zanchius apicalis Poppius, 1915: 60. Zanchius apicalis Poppius: Carvalho, 1980: 658

Zanchius vitellinus Zou, 1989: 328, 331. Zanchius apicalis Poppius: Liu and Zheng, 1994: 307.

### Female (Holotype)

Body small, oblong, straw-yellow, pubescence sparse, hairs pale. Vertex flat, with 2 impressed fasciae, pubescence sparse with erect pale hairs. Eye prominent, situated at anterior corner of head. Rostrum straw-yellow. First antennal segment (I) straw-yellow, apical ventral with a large red spot, almost equal to head length; segment II straw-yellow, apex with a red ring, long, slender, and straight, almost  $3\times$  head length; segment III straw-yellow, basal and apical tip with a pink or red ring, slender and moderately curved,  $2\times$  as long as head length.

Pronotum trapezoidal, pale brownishyellow, pubescence sparse with erect and semi-erect, pale hairs, width 2× its length, anterior pronotal margin medially slightly concave, posterior margin broadly concave. Mesoscutum exposed. Scutellum smooth, straw-yellow with 3 corners pale yellowish, length almost equal to width. Legs pale yellowish, tibia long, slender, with semi-erect pale hairs and some tiny erect spines, apical 1/2 of tarsus slightly darker. Ventral surface pale yellowish.

Remarks: Type specimens are well preserved by fixing on a small piece of cardboard, but antennal segment IV and hemelytra are missing. Measurement (in mm): Body length 4.1 ( $\updownarrow$ ), 3.6 ( $\circlearrowleft$ ). Head length 0.4, width 0.65. Interocular space width 0.25, eye width 0.2. Antennal segment lengths 0.3: 1.4: 1.1: 0.6. Rostrum length 1.5. Pronotum length 0.4, width 0.85. Scutellum length 0.3, width 0.4. Forewing length 3.4, width 0.25.

#### Male

Body small, oblong, straw-yellow, pubescence sparse, hairs pale. Vertex flat, with 2 impressed fasciae. Eye prominent, situated at anterior corner of head. Rostrum brownish-yellow, reaching metacoxae. First antennal segment stout, brownish-yellow with semi-erect pale black hairs, lateral orange, apex with a red spot; segment II long, slender,  $5\times$  segment I length, brownish-yellow with semierect pale black hairs, apex red; segment III thinner than II, almost  $2/3\times$  segment II length, brownish-yellow; segment IV, gray,  $1/2\times$  segment III length.

Pronotum trapezoidal, pale brownish-yellow, anterior pronotal margin medially slightly concave. Mesoscutum exposed, smooth, slightly tumid. Scutellum smooth, triangular. Hemelytra pale yellowish, semitransparent. Legs slender, brownish-yellow, femur strong, tibia long and slender, covered with dense semierect hairs, apical 1/3 of tarsus gray. Body beneath brownish-yellow. Dorsal pygofer with a finger-like protrusion.

Male genitalia. Left paramere broad, hyposis elongate and slender, apical portion slightly curved, slender, with a blunt end. Right paramere small and vesica as shown in Fig. 2A-C.

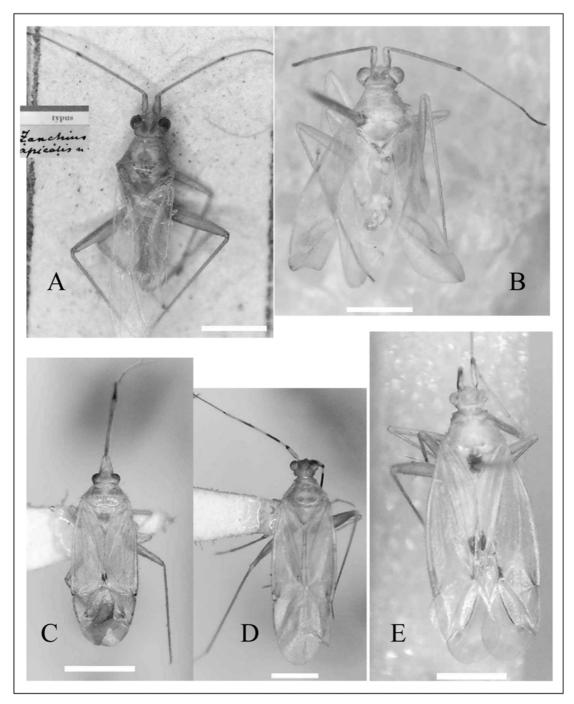


Fig. 1. A. Female (holotype) of Zanchius apicalis Poppius; B. Male of Z. apicalis Poppius; C. Male of Z. formosanus Lin, n. sp.; D. Male of *Z. marmoratus* Zou; E. Male of *Z. tarasovi* Kerzhner (Scale bar = 1 mm).

Measurements (in mm). Body length 3.8. Head length 0.4, width 0.7. Interocular

space width 0.3, eye width 0.2. Antennal segment lengths 0.4: 1.1: 0.8: missing.

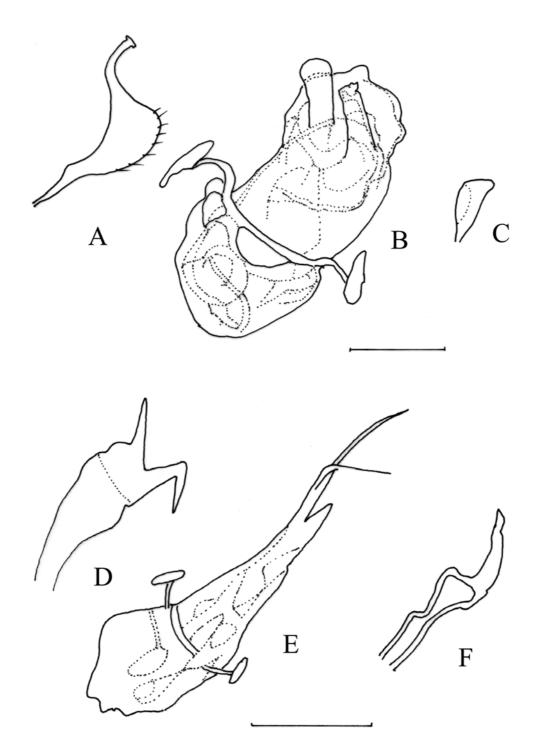


Fig. 2. A–C. Male genitalia of *Zanchius apicalis* Poppius (A. left paramere, B. vesica, C. right paramere); D–F. Male genitalia of *Z. formosanus* Lin, n. sp. (D. left paramere, E. vesica; F. right paramere) (Scale bar = 0.1 mm).

Pronotum length 0.5, width 1.0. Scutellum length 0.4, width 0.5. Forewing missing.

Materials examined: TAICHUNG: Kukang, 8-V-1984, 1  $\beta$  , C. S. Lin. HUALIEN: Fuli, 9-XI-1982,  $3 \stackrel{?}{\cdot}$ , K. C. Chou and S. P. Huang. NANTOU: Hueishun, 20-II-1990,  $1 \stackrel{?}{\rightarrow}$ , C. S. Tseng (light trap).

Distribution: China (Yunnan), and Taiwan.

## Zanchius formosanus Lin, n. sp. (Figs. 1C, 2D-F)

#### Male

Body small, oblong, pale yellowish, covered with pale hairs. Head constricted behind eyes, pale yellowish. Eyes large, at anterolateral angle of head. First antennal segment stout, pale brownishyellow, covered with long pale hairs; segment II long, slender, 4× segment I length, brownish-yellow, apical 2/3 with a red ring, covered with semierect pale hairs; segment III slender, 1/3 of segment II length, greenish-yellow, apex and base with a black ring; segment IV almost equal to segment III, gray. Rostrum pale yellowish, reaching to metacoxae.

Pronotum trapezoidal, pale yellowish, covered with long pale hairs, callus area slightly raised, posterior margin broadly concave. Mesoscutum exposed, smooth. Scutellum triangular, smooth. Hemelytra, pale greenish-yellow, right below the commissure suture with 2 black spots and in the small areole with a black spot. Legs greenish-yellow, femur strong, tibia slender, brownish-yellow.

Male genitalia. Vesica with 2 slender and elongate spiculi. Right paramere as in Fig. 2F, with long, slender protrusion, left paramere with beak-like extension as in Fig 2D.

Measurements (in mm). Body length 3.4 ( $\stackrel{\circ}{+}$ ), 3.3 ( $\stackrel{\circ}{\circ}$ ). Head length 0.3, width 0.55. Interocular space width 0.2, eye width 0.18. Antennal segment lengths 0.3: 1.0: 0.5: 0.5. Rostrum length 0.7. Pronotum

length 0.3, width 0.6. Scutellum length 0.3, width 0.4. Forewing length 2.5, corium length 1.5, cuneus length 0.6, width 0.3.

Holotype. 1 3. TAITUNG: Painan, Chihpen, 14-I-1998, C. S. Lin and W. T. Yang (sweep net) (NMNS-Ent 2757-332, 338). Paratype,  $1 \stackrel{\circ}{\scriptscriptstyle +}$  , data same as for holotype; Chihpen, 11-I-1989,  $1 \stackrel{\circ}{+}$ , K. W. Huang (sweep net) (NMNS-ENT 428-287). NANTOU: Nanshanshi, 25-XI-2002, 1 3,  $1\,\ensuremath{^{\circ}}$  , W. T. Yang (sweep net) (NMNS-Ent 3973-848, 849); Hueishun, 20-II-1990, 1 3, C. S. Tseng (light trap). IIAN: Wufangshi, 16-X-1990,  $1 \, \mathcal{J}$ ,  $3 \, \stackrel{?}{\rightarrow}$ , C. C. Chiang (sweep net). CHIAYI: Tingpinglin, 16-XII-1998, 1 3, K. W. Huang (sweep net). TAICHUNG: Wanfeng, XI-1984, 1  $\beta$ , VIII-1984, 2  $\stackrel{\circ}{\rightarrow}$ , K. S. Lin & K. C. Chou (Malaise trap); Chiapaotai (750 m),  $14 \sim 18$ -X-1980, 1 %, K. S. Lin & C. H. Wang. TAIPEI: Chutzuhu, 26-V-1983, 1 &, K. C. Chou. TAOYUAN: Fuhsing, 1  $\beta$ , 10  $\sim$  11-VII-1988, K. C. Chou. HUALIEN: Antung, 14  $\sim$ 17-II-1984, 1  $\beta$ , K. C. Chou and C. H. Yang.

Etymology. Named for the type locality.

Remarks. This species is similar to Z. apicalis, but can be separated by the small areole with a black dot and the left paramere with beak-like extension.

## Zanchius marmoratus Zou, 1987 (Figs. 1D, 3A-C)

Zanchius marmoratus Zou, 1987: 297, 299 Zanchius zoui Zheng & Liu, 1993: 17, 18 Zanchius marmoratus Zou: Liu & Zheng, 1994: 304

Zanchius marmoratus Zou: Schuh, 1995: 206

## Male

Body oblong, yellowish-brown, covered with long pale hairs, slightly shiny. Head yellowish-brown. Eyes large, as wide as interocular width, longer than postocular length. Antennal segment I pale yellowish-

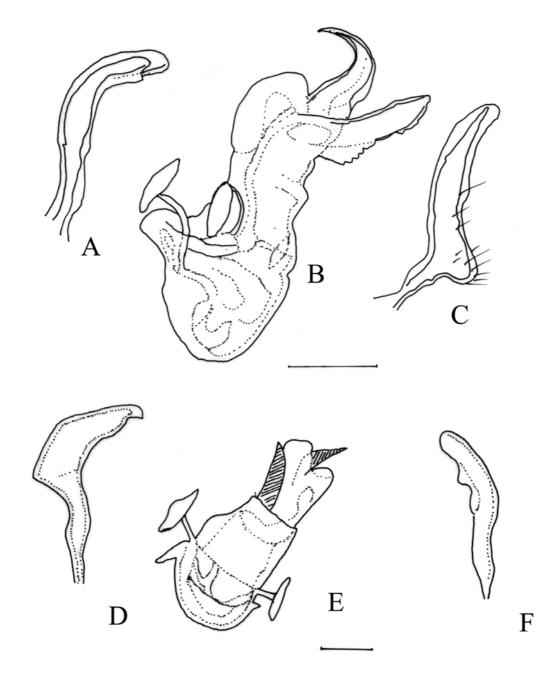


Fig. 3. A–C. Male genitalia of *Zanchius marmoratus* Zou (A. left paramere, B. vesica, C. right paramere); D–F. Male genitalia of *Z. tarasovi* Kerzhner (D.left paramere, E. vesica, F. right paramere) (Scale bar = 0.1 mm).

brown with dense semierect hairs, with a T-shaped black stripe; segment II, almost  $3.5\times$  as long as segment I, pale yellowishbrown with a short black ring at base

and in the middle with 2 black or fuscous bands, almost as long as segment I; segment III thinner and shorter than segment II, gray; segment IV, almost as long as segment III, gray. Rostrum long, reaching base of abdomen, light yellowish-

Pronotum slightly shiny; anterior margin slightly concave, posterior margin concave; hind margin of calli shallowly furrowed, calli slightly tumid; pronotal length 0.5× width. Mesoscutum largely exposed, smooth, raised. Scutellum smooth, slightly shiny, yellowish-brown. Hemelytra pale green, with or without several light-green transverse bands; cuneus 2.0× as long as wide; membrane pale, semihyaline. Legs pale yellowish-brown, covered with pale semierect hairs.

Male genitalia: Aedeagus small, vesica with 2 slender, curved, pointed speculi; hypophysis of left paramere slender, apex bent and pointed; hypophysis of right paramere curved, twisted, with pointed apex as shown in Fig. 3A-C.

Measurements (in mm). Body length Head length 0.3, width Interocular space width 0.3, eye width 0.2. Antennal segment lengths 0.4: 1.4: 0.9: 1.0. Rostrum length 0.7. Pronotum length 0.4, width 0.9. Scutellum length 0.4, width 0.5. Forewing length 2.0, corium length 1.2, cuneus length 0.5, width 0.4.

Materials examined: NANTOU: Wushe, 10-XII-2002,  $2 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $2 \Leftrightarrow$ , C. S. Lin (sweep net) (NMNS Ent 3973-176, 3973-175, 173, 506); Nansanshi, 24-XI-2002,  $2 \ 3$ ,  $1 \ 9$ , W. T. Yang (sweep net) (NMNS Ent 3973-853, 845, 848); Yuchih, 16-XII-1999, 4 3 5  $\stackrel{\circ}{}$  , W. T. Yang (sweep net) NMNS Ent 3973-192, 194, 195, 202, 204, 209, 215, 236, 237, 245); Jihuetan, 16-XII-1999,  $1 \stackrel{\circ}{+}$ , C. S. Lin (sweep net) NMNS Ent-64-23); Lienhuachi,  $15 \sim 16$ -XI-2004,  $1 \stackrel{\circ}{+}$ , C. S. Lin (sweep net), 16-XII-2003~7-I-2004, 1 ♂, C. S. Lin and W. T. Yang (Malaise trap), Tongpu, 22-I-1985,  $1 \stackrel{\circ}{+}$ , C. S. Lin (sweep net). CHIAYI: Alishan, 1 3, 5 $\sim$ 6-XI-1997, C. S. Lin and W. T. Yang (beating); Fenchifu, 1  $\stackrel{\circ}{+}$ , C. S. Lin & W. T. Yang (sweep net). TAICHUNG: Tungmaushan, 1-XI-1987, 1  $\stackrel{\circ}{\ }$  , I. C. Hsu (sweep net); Taken, 5-VIII-

1998,  $1 \stackrel{\circ}{+}$ , Y. M. Hsu and H. T. Shih (sweep net); Wanfeng, XII-1983,  $2 \stackrel{\circ}{+}$ , K. S. Lin & K. C. Chou (Malaise trap). HUALIEN: Antung, 14~17-II-1984, 10 ♂  $11^{\circ}$ , K. C. Chou and C. C. Pan, Fuli,  $9\sim$ 11-XI-1982, 2 \$\delta\$, 1 \cop , K. C. Chou & S. P. Huang, 16-II-1984, 1 3, K. C. Chou and C. C. Pan.

Distribution: China (Guandong, Guizhou, Yunnan), and Taiwan (new record).

## Zanchius tarasovi Kerzhner, 1987 (Figs. 1E, 3D-F)

Zanchius tarasovi Kerzhner, 1987: 49. Zanchius tarasovi Kerzhner: Liu and Zheng, 1994: 308.

Zanchius tarasovi Kerzhner: Schuh, 1995:

Zanchius tarasovi Kerzhner: Yasunaka, 1999: 167.

#### Male

Body oblong, light yellowish-brown, slightly shiny. Head light yellowishbrown. Eyes large, as wide as interocular width, longer than postocular length. Lateral postocular area with a red spot. Antennal segment I with dense semierect hairs and a few long setae among them, light yellowish-brown, with a T-shaped red stripe; segment II 4.5× as long as segment I, pale reddish-brown; segment III, 2/3 as long as segment II, pale yellowish-brown; segment IV as long as segment III. Rostrum long, reaching base of abdomen.

Pronotum slightly shiny, pale sulfuryellow; anterior margin slightly concave, apical 1/2 of lateral margin slightly concave, posterior margin concave; calli slightly tumid; pronotal length 0.5× width. Mesoscutum largely exposed, smooth, raised. Scutellum smooth, shiny, light yellow, with or without a red spot. Hemelytra pale yellow.

genitalia. Vesica Male with scleritized spines. Left paramere hook-like, with 3 short teeth. Right paramere

curved, apical rounded, middle with 2 extension as shown in Figs. 3C-E.

Measurements (in mm). Body length 4.5. Head length 0.4, width 0.8. Inter-ocular space width 0.3, eye width 0.2. Antennal segment lengths 0.4: 1.5: 1.2: 0.6. Rostrum length 0.7. Pronotum length 0.5, width 1.0. Scutellum length 0.5, width 0.6. Forewing length 2.0, corium length 1.2, cuneus length 0.8, width 0.4.

Materials examined: NANTOU: Fenghuangku,  $16 \sim 18$ -VIII-1993,  $1 \ 3$ , C. S. Lin and W. T. Yang (UV light) (NMNS-Ent 1578-468); Howang, 1 &, 15  $\sim 16\text{-}2002,~W.$  T. Yang (mercury light) (NMNS-Ent 3912-165); Hueishun, 20-II-1990, 2 3, C. S. Tseng (light trap); Tongpu (1200 m), 1 <sup>♀</sup>, XI-1985, K. S. Lin (Malaise trap); Wushe, 16-XI-2004, 1 \$\(\beta\),1  $\stackrel{\circ}{\rightarrow}$ , C. S. Lin (sweep net). TAICHUNG: Shieshanken, 19-IV-1992,  $1 \stackrel{\circ}{+}$ , C. C. Chiang (sweep net) (NMNS-Ent 1449-97). HSINCHU: Shitoushen, 13-XII-1980,  $1\stackrel{?}{\rightarrow}$ , C. T. Yang.

Distribution: China (Henan, Hebei, Shaanxi, and Gansu), Russia (Primorsk Terr.), Japan (Hokkaido, Honshu, and Shikoku), and Taiwan (new record).

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## 摘 要

本文描述一新種:臺灣平盲蝽(Zanchius formosanus Lin, n. sp.),發現兩新記錄種(綠斑平盲蝽 Z. marmoratus Zou, 1987,紅點平盲蝽 Z. tarasovi Kerzhner, 1987)。並附臺灣產平盲蝽屬之檢索表及雄蟲外生殖器圖。

關鍵詞:盲蝽科、新種、新記錄。